PART IV

Section 1-A.

CENTRAL BILLS AND REPORTS OF SELECT COMMITTEES THEREON.

NOTIFICATION.

No. L.D.—650 -Legis. 3-52-2, Bangalore, dated 4th July 1952.

Ordered that the Reserve and Auxiliary Forces Bill, 1952, the Displaced Persons (Claims) Bill, 1952 and the Indian Tariff (Second Amendment) Bill, 1952, which were introduced in the House of the People on the 20th May 1952 and published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, Section 2, dated the 31st May 1952, be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

N. R. JAYA RAO,

Legal Remembrancer and
Secretary to Government,
Law Department.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOUSE OF THE PEOPLE.

The following Bills were introduced in the House of the People on 20th May 1952 :—

BILL* No. 35 OF 1952.

A Bill to provide for the constitution and regulation of certain Air Force Reserves and also an Auxiliary Air Force and for matters connected therewith.

BE it enacted by Parliament as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—(1) This Act may be called the Reserve and Auxiliary Air Forces Act, 1952.

(2) It extends to the whole of India.

(3) This Chapter shall come into force at once, and the remaining provisions shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint, and different dates may be appointed for different provisions.

2. *Definitions.*—In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(*a*) " Air Force Reserve " means any of the Air Force Reserves raised and maintained under this Act ;

(*b*) " competent authority " means any air officer appointed under section 3 ;

(*c*) " prescribed " means prescribed by rules made under this Act ;

(*d*) all other words and expressions used herein and defined in the Air Force Act, 1950 (XLV of 1950), and not hereinbefore defined shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them by that Act.

3. *Appointment of competent authority.*—The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint one or more air officers to perform all or any of the functions of the competent authority under this Act.

CHAPTER II.

REGULAR AIR FORCE RESERVE.

4. *Constitution of Regular Air Force Reserve.*—The Central Government may raise and maintain in the manner hereafter in this Chapter provided an Air Force Reserve to be designated the Regular Air Force Reserve which shall consist solely of persons transferred to it under section 5.

5. *Transfer of certain persons to the Regular Air Force Reserve.*—(1) The competent authority may, by general or special order, transfer to the Regular Air Force Reserve—

(*a*) any officer or airman of the Air Force who under the terms and conditions of his service is liable to service in any Air Force if and when constituted ;

*The President has, in pursuance of clause (3) of article 117 of the Constitution of India, commended to the House of the People the consideration of the Bill.

(*b*) any officer or airman of the Air Force whose commission or engagement in the Air Force has been terminated before the commencement of this Act and who under the terms of his commission or engagement was liable to serve in any Air Force Reserve if and when constituted ;

(*c*) any officer or airman who was served in the Air Force and has retired therefrom,

and any officer or airman so transferred shall be deemed to be a member of the said Reserve.

(2) The competent authority may, for reasons which in his opinion are sufficient, cancel any order made under sub-section (1) and on the cancellation of such order the person in respect of whom the order had been made shall cease to be a member of the Regular Air Force Reserve.

6. *Classes of persons in the Regular Air Force Reserve.*—Members of the Regular Air Force Reserve shall be divided into the following classes, namely :—

(*a*) general duties officers,

(*b*) ground duties officers, and

(*c*) airman,

and every officer shall be entitled on transfer to the Reserve to hold the same rank as that which he last held in the Air Force before his transfer.

7. *Period of service.*—(1) Every member of the Regular Air Force Reserve shall be liable to serve in the Reserve for the period of his Reserve liability :

Provided that the competent authority may require any such member to serve in the Reserve for such further period or periods as he may think fit.

Explanation I.—For the purposes of this sub-section, "period of Reserve liability" in relation to any member of the Regular Air Force Reserve means the period for which under the terms and conditions of his service in the Air Force he was liable to serve in any Air Force Reserve if and when constituted.

Explanation II.—In computing the period of Reserve liability in relation to any member of the Regular Air Force Reserve whose commission or engagement in the Air Force was terminated before the commencement of this Act, this period which has elapsed between such termination and the date of coming into force of this Chapter shall be included.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), no person shall be liable to serve in the Reserve after attaining the prescribed age.

8. *Termination of service in the Reserve.*—Every member of the Regular Air Force Reserve shall, on completion of the period of his service therein, cease to be a member of the Reserve.

CHAPTER III.

Air Defence Reserve.

9. *Constitution of Air Defence Reserve.*—The Central Government may raise and maintain in the manner hereafter in this Chapter provided an Air Force Reserve to be designated the Air Defence Reserve which shall consist of persons deemed under the provisions of section 15 to be enrolled therein.

10. *Obligation to register.*—(1) Every citizen of India who—

(*a*) holds or has held a public transport pilot's licence ("B" Licence) issued under the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1937, or

(*b*) has had not less than two hundred hours experience of sole flying (including not less than thirty landings), or

(*c*) holds or has held a first class navigator's licence issued under the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1937, or

(*d*) has had at least four years' aviation experience during which at least six hundred hours shall have been spent in the air, not less than one hundred hours of such experience being experience of navigation in the air, or

(*e*) holds or has held a first class radio telegraph operator's licence issued under the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1937, or

(*f*) holds or has held a radio telephone operator's licence issued under the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1937, or

(*g*) holds or has held a licence as ground engineer in any of the categories A, B, C, D or X issued under the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1937,

shall within the prescribed period correctly fill up, or cause to be filled up, to the best of his knowledge and belief the prescribed form, and sign and lodge it with the competent authority nearest to his usual place of residence or business :

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall apply—

(*i*) to any person belonging to any of the classes specified in clauses (*a*) to (*f*), if he has attained the age of thirty-seven years ; or

(*ii*) to any person belonging to the class specified in clause (*g*), if he has attained the age of fifty years.

(2) Without prejudice to the provisions contained in sub-section (1), the competent authority may, if he is satisfied that the provisions of that sub-section apply to any person, by order in writing, require that person to furnish within such time such particulars as may be specified in the order and such person shall within the specified time furnish correctly to the best of his knowledge and belief the said particulars to the said authority in such form and manner as may be prescribed.

11. *Liability to be called up for inquiry.*—Every person to whom the provisions of section 10 are applicable shall be liable to be called up for inquiry under section 12—

(*a*) if he belongs to any of the classes specified in clauses (*a*) to (*f*) of sub-section (1) of section 10 until he has completed his thirty-seventh year, and

(*b*) if he belongs to the class specified in clause (*g*) of the said sub-section, until he has completed his fiftieth year.

12. *Calling up for inquiry.*—(1) The competent authority may cause to be served on any person for the time being liable to be called up for inquiry under section 11 a written notice stating that he is called up for inquiry regarding his fitness for service in the Air Defence Reserve and requiring him to present himself to such person and at such place and at such time (not earlier than the seventh day after the date of the service of the notice) as may be specified in the notice and to submit himself to inquiry by the competent authority.

(2) Where a notice under sub-section (1) has been duly served on any person, the competent authority may, at any time, while the person remains liable under this Chapter to be called up for inquiry, cancel the notice and cause to be served on him a further notice varying the original notice.

13. *Medical Examination.*—Every person called up for inquiry under section 12 shall, if and when required by the competent authority, present himself for examination before such medical officer as may be directed by that authority, and for the purposes of such examination, shall comply with the directions of the medical officer.

14. *Registration of persons considered fit for enrolment.*—If after such inquiry and medical examination as aforesaid, the competent authority considers a person fit for enrolment in the Air Defence Reserve, he shall inform him accordingly and enter his name and other prescribed particulars in a register maintained in such form and manner as may be prescribed.

15. *Calling up for service.*—The competent authority may cause to be served on any person whose name is entered in the register maintained in pursuance of section 14 a written notice stating that he is called up for service in the Air

Defence Reserve and requiring him to present himself at such place and time (not earlier than the seventh day after the date of the service of the notice) and to such authority as may be specified in the notice; and the person upon whom the notice is served shall be deemed to be enrolled in the Reserve as from the day so specified.

16. *Period of service.*—Every person deemed to be enrolled in the Air Defence Reserve shall be liable for service—

(*a*) if he belongs to any of the classes specified in clauses (*a*) to (*f*) of sub-section (1) of section 10, until he has completed his forty-second year ;

(*b*) if he belongs to the class specified in clause (*g*) of the said sub-section, until he has completed his fifty-fifth year.

CHAPTER IV.

Auxiliary Air Force.

17. *Constitution of Auxiliary Air Force.*—(1) The Central Government may raise and maintain in he manner hereafter in this Chapter provided an Air Force to be designated the Auxiliary Air Force.

(2) The Central Government may constitute such number of squadrons and units of the Auxiliary Air Force as it thinks fit and may disband or reconstitute any squadron or unit.

18. *Classes of persons in the Auxiliary Air Force.*—Members of the Auxiliary Air Force shall be divided into the following classes, namely :—

(*a*) officers, and

(*b*) airmen.

19. *Officers of the Auxiliary Air Force.*—The President may grant to such person as he thinks fit a commission as an officer in the Auxiliary Air Force with designation of rank corresponding to that of any commissioned officer in the Air Force.

20. *Persons eligible for enrolment.*—Any citizen of India may offer himself for enrolment in the Auxiliary Air Force and may, if he satisfies the prescribed conditions, be so enrolled on such terms as may be prescribed.

21. *Period of service.*—Every officer and every enrolled person shall, subject to any rules that may be made in this behalf under this Act, be required to serve in the Auxiliary Air Force for a period of five years from the date of his appointment or enrolment but may, after the completion of his period of service, volunteer to serve therein for further periods each of not more than five years' duration.

22. *Termination of service.*—The service of any officer or enrolled person in the Auxiliary Air Force may, at any time before the completion of his period of service, be terminated by such authority and under such conditions as may be prescribed.

23. *Advisory Committees.*—(1) The Central Government shall, as soon as may be after the commencement of this Act, constitute—

(*a*) for the whole of India, a Central Advisory Committee ;

(*b*) for each State in which there is a squadron or unit of the Auxiliary Air Force, a State Advisory Committee ; and

(*c*) for every unit of the Auxiliary Air Force, a Unit Advisory Committee.

(2) It shall be the duty of the Central Advisory Committee to advise the Central Government on matters connected with the Auxiliary Air Force generally, of the State Advisory Committee to advise the Central Government on matters connected with the squadrons or units stationed in the State, and of the Unit Advisory Committee to advise the Central Government on matters connected with the unit for which it is constituted.

(3) The duties, powers and procedure of Advisory Committees and in particular the matters in respect of which the Advisory Committees may be called upon to give advice shall be such as may be prescribed.

CHAPTER V

Liability and Discipline of Members of Reserve and Auxiliary Air Forces.

24. *Liability to be called up for service.*—Every member of an Air Force Reserve or the Auxiliary Air Force shall, during the period of his service, be liable to be called up—

(*a*) for a periodical training and medical examination,

(*b*) for service in aid of the civil power,

(*c*) for Air Force service in India or abroad in an emergency.

25. *Discipline.*—Every member of an Air Force Reserve or the Auxiliary Air Force shall, when called up for training, medical examination or for service under this Act, be subject to the Air Force Act, 1950 (XLV of 1950), and the rules made thereunder in the same manner as a person belonging to the Air Force and holding the same rank is subject to the said Act and rules and shall continue to be so subject until duly released from such training, medical examination or service, as the case may be.

CHAPTER VI.

Miscellaneous.

26. *Reinstatement in civil employ of persons required to perform service under this Act.*—(1) It shall be the duty of every employer by whom a person called up under section 24 is employed to grant him such leave as may be necessary and to reinstate him in his employment on the termination of the period during which he has been so called up in an occupation and under conditions not less favourable to him than those which would have been applicable to him had he not been so called up :

Provided that if the employer refuses to reinstate such person or denies his liability to reinstate such person, or if for any reason the reinstatement of such person is represented by the employer to be impracticable, either party may refer the matter to the prescribed authority and that authority shall, after considering all matters which may be put before him and after making such further inquiry into the matter as may be prescribed, pass an order—

(*a*) exempting the employer from the provisions of this section, or

(*b*) requiring him to re-employ such person on such terms as that authority thinks suitable, or

(*c*) requiring him to pay to such person by way of compensation for failure or inability to re-employ a sum not exceeding an amount equal to six months' remuneration at the rate at which his last remuneration was payable to him by the employer.

(2) If any employer fails to obey the order of any such authority as is referred to in the proviso to sub-section (1), he shall be punishable with fine, which may extend to one thousand rupees, and the court by which an employer is convicted under this section shall order him (if he has not already been so required by the said authority) to pay to the person whom he has failed to re-employ a sum equal to six months' remuneration at the rate at which his last remuneration was payable to him by the employer, and any amount so required to be paid either by the said authority or by the court shall be recoverable as if it were a fine imposed by such court.

(3) In any proceeding under this section it shall be a defence for an employer to prove that the person formerly employed did not apply to the employer for reinstatement within a period of two months from the termination of the period during which he was called up under section 24.

(4) The duty imposed by sub-section (1) upon an employer to grant leave to a person such as is described in that sub-section or to reinstate him in his employment shall attach to an employer who, before such person is actually called up under section 24, terminates his employment in circumstances such as to indicate an intention to evade the duty imposed by that sub-section and such intention shall be presumed until the contrary is proved if the termination takes place after the issue of an order relating to that person under section 24.

27. *Preservation of certain rights of persons called up for service.*—When any person called up under section 24 has any rights under any provident fund or superannuation fund or other scheme for the benefit of employees maintained in connection with the employment he relinquishes, he shall continue, during the period for which he has been so called up and if he is reinstated, until such reinstatement under the provisions of this Act, to have in respect of such fund or scheme such rights as may be prescribed.

28. *Pay and allowances.*—Every member of an Air Force Reserve or the Auxiliary Air Force shall, during the period of training or active service, receive such pay and allowances as are admissible to an officer or airman, as the case may be, in the corresponding rank, branch or trade of the Air Force.

29. *Penalties.*—(1) If any person refuses or without lawful excuse (the burden of providing which shall lie upon such person) neglects to comply fully with the requirements of sub-section (1) of section 10 or of any order made under sub-section (2) of that section or with the requirements of section 13 he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

(2) If any person wilfully fails to comply with any notice issued under section 12 or section 15 he shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.

30. *Service of notice.*—Any notice or order to be served on any person for the purposes of this Act may be sent by post to that person at his last known address or may be served upon him in such other manner as may be prescribed.

31. *Competent authority to be public servant.*—For the purposes of this Act every competent authority shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860).

32. *Power of Central Government to grant exemptions.*—The Central Government may, for special reasons and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, by order exempt any person from any obligation or liability under this Act or any particular provision thereof.

33. *Power to make rules.*—(1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(*a*) the composition and strength of any Air Force Reserve;

(*b*) the circumstances in which and the conditions subject to which any officer or airman may be transferred to the Regular Air Force Reserve under section 5;

(*c*) the age beyond which retired officers or airmen shall not be liable to serve in the Regular Air Force Reserve;

(*d*) the form and manner in which the particulars required by sub-section (2) of section 10 shall be furnished;

(*e*) the form and manner in which registers shall be maintained in pursuance of section 14, the particulars to be entered therein, and the correction or revision of such particulars from time to time ;

(*f*) the pay or allowances payable to persons called up for inquiry, training, medical examination or service under this Act ;

(*g*) the terms and conditions subject to which a person may be enrolled as a member of the Auxiliary Air Force ;

(*h*) the authority by which and the conditions subject to which the service of any officer or enrolled person in the Auxiliary Air Force may be terminated ;

(*i*) the constitution and the duties, powers and procedure of Advisory Committees to be constituted under section 23 ;

(*j*) the manner in which and the conditions subject to which the rank of any member of an Air Force Reserve may be determined ;

(*k*) the constitution of the authority for the purpose of section 26 and the manner in which such authority may conduct any inquiry under this Act ;

(*l*) the manner in which any notice or order issued or made under this Act may be served ;

(*m*) the conditions subject to which any person may be exempted from any obligation or liability under this Act or any particular provision thereof ;

(*n*) any other matter which under this Act is to be, or may be, prescribed.

(3) Any rule made under this section may provide that a contravention thereof shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

34. *Amendment of sections 2, 4 and 31, Act XLV of 1950.*—In the Air Force Act, 1950.—

(*i*) in section 2, for clause (*c*) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*c*) persons belonging to the Regular Air Force Reserve or the Air Defence Reserve or the Auxiliary Air Force, in the circumstances specified in section 25 of the Reserve and Auxiliary Air Forces Act, 1952";

(*ii*) in section 4, for the words "the Indian Air Force Volunteer Reserve", wherever they occur, the words "any Air Force Reserve or the Auxiliary Air Force" shall be substituted ;

(*iii*) in section 31, for the words "the Air Force Reserve" the words "any Air Force Reserve or the Auxiliary Air Force" shall be substituted.

35. *Repeal of Act XXXVI of 1939.*—The Indian Air Force Volunteer Reserve (Discipline) Act, 1939, is hereby repealed.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

It is necessary to constitute certain Reserves for the Air Force in order to enable quick expansion in an emergency. The Reserves proposed will be constituted from outgoing I.A.F. personnel, civilian pilots and technicians, and by raising an Auxiliary Force of volunteers from the public.

2. *Regular Air Force Reserve.*—The Regular Air Force Reserve will consist of Indian Air Force officers and airmen transferred after completion or termination of the period of their regular service to this Reserve subject to the existence of vacancies. The initial period of Reserve service will normally be 5 years for officers and 6 years for airmen subject also to their reaching such age limit as may be prescribed by the Government.

Those extended Service Commissioned Officers whose term of employment expires prior to the formation of this Reserve will also be liable to serve in the Reserve.

3. *Air Defence Reserve.*—The constitution of the Air Defence Reserve requires that a census should be taken of the civilian technical manpower available in the country which could be utilised if occasion arises. All persons within certain age limits possessing certain flying or other technical qualifications would be required to furnish certain porticulars to the appropriate authority and submit themselves for medical examination. A register of persons who are fit for service would be maintained, and if and when occasion arises persons whose names are entered in the register will be called out for service. It is necessary to have legislation for this purpose on account of the shortage of trained personnel which obtains at present, and which is likely to persist for some time; and also to safeguard the interests of those who are called out from their jobs for training or required to serve in an emergency.

Provision is made requiring civil employers to grant any enrolled person such leave as may be necessary and to have him reinstated into civil employment after the termination of the period during which he has been called out.

4. *Auxiliary Air Force.*—The Auxiliary Air Force allows the enrolment of civilian volunteers (including Government servants) to give them part-time Air Force training. This provides for the fighter defence of the locality, in which its self-contained units and squadrons are raised. It may be looked at as the Territorial Army's air counterpart.

Advisory Committees will be set up in big towns, where it is intended to locate the Auxiliary Air Force Squadrons to maintain close liaison with the civil side. These Committees will serve also as a link between the Auxiliary Air Force and the Indian Territorial Army, and assist the Commanding Officers of the Units concerned to recruit civilian personnel.

The period of service in the Auxiliary Air Force will normally be five years in the first instance.

5. The period of training will be prescribed in the rules made by the Central Government from time to time and care will be taken to see that the training is so arranged that minimum dislocation of normal civil duties is caused.

6. The composition of the Reserves, the ranks of the persons enrolled and other allied matters will be regulated by rules made by the Central Government and it is intended to build these Reserves gradually.

N. GOPALASWAMI.

NEW DELHI;
The 14th May, 1952.

BILL No. 36 OF 1952.

A Bill to amend the Displaced Persons (Claims) Act, 1950.

BE it enacted by Parliament as follows :—

1. *Short title.*—This Act may be called the Displaced Persons (Claims) Amendment Act, 1952.

2. *Amendment of section 1, Act XLIV of 1950.*—For sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Displaced Persons (Claims) Act, 1950, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(3) It shall remain in force for a period of three years only."

3. *Repeal.*—The Displaced Persons (Claims) Continuance Ordinance, 1952 (V of 1952) is hereby repealed.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Displaced Persons (Claims) Act, 1950 (XLIV of 1950), was enacted on the 18th May, 1950, for a period of two years only, as it was expected that the work of verification would be completed within this period. In spite of the best efforts of the Ministry of Rehabilitation, it has, however, not been possible to complete the work within this period. In the beginning, the displaced persons were slow in filing the claims and the period for receipt of claims had to be extended. There have been two other limiting factors. Firstly, the work involved verification of titles and assessment of value of properties situated in West Pakistan, which cannot be inspected by the Claims Officers and about which documentary evidence is not available in a majority of cases. Secondly, the Ministry, after making all possible efforts and tapping all available sources, has not been able to secure for posting more than 300 Claims Officers. According to the latest figures available, more than two-thirds of urban property sheets have been verified. It will, therefore, not be possible to complete the work before the expiry of the Law in force. An Ordinance was promulgated on the 5th May, 1952, temporarily to keep the Act in force. The present Bill seeks to replace the Ordinance and to keep the original Act in force for a total period of three years instead of two.

AJIT PRASAD JAIN.

NEW DELHI ;
The 15th May, 1952.

BILL* No. 37 OF 1952.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1934.

BE it enacted by Parliament as follows :—

1. *Short title.*—This Act may be called the Indian Tariff (Second Amendment) Act, 1952.

2. *Amendment of the First Schedule, Act XXXII of 1934.*—In the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934,—

(*i*) for Item No. 11 (2), the following Item shall be substituted, namely :—

"11 (2)	Sago flour ...	Protective ...	30 per cent *ad valorem.*	...	...	December 31st, 1954.";

(*ii*) for Items Nos. 11 (4) and 11 (5), the following Items shall be substituted, namely :—

"11 (4)	Starch	Protective ...	30 per cent *ad valorem.*	...	...	December 31st, 1954.
11 (5)	Farina	Protective ...	30 per cent *ad valorem.*	...	...	December 31st, 1954." ;

(*iii*) in Items Nos. 46, 46 (1), 47, 47 (1), 48, 75 (5), 75 (6), 75 (7) and 75 (8), in the last column headed "Duration of protective rates of duty", for the word, figures and letters "March 31st, 1952", wherever they occur, the word, figures and letters "December 31st, 1952" shal be substituted ;

(*iv*) for Item No. 63 (30), the following Item shall be substituted, namely :—

" 63 (30)	Rods or bars of alloy, tool or special steel of the following categories but excluding bright drawn bars of high speed steel and of stainless and heat resisting steel and precision ground and polished bars and silver steel finish bars of all kinds:— (1) High speed steel containing more than 13 per cent tungsten. (2) Stainless and heat resisting steel containing more than 11 per cent chromium. (3) Other alloy, steels not included in category (*i*) or (*ii*) containing any of the following:— (*i*) 0·40 per cent or more of chromium or nickel; (*ii*) 0·10 per cent or more of molybdenum, tungsten or vanadium; or (*iii*) 10·00 per cent or more of manganese—					
	(*a*) of British manufacture.	Protective ...	30 per cent *ad valorem.*	...	...	December 31st, 1954.
	(*b*) not of British manufacture.	Protective ...	42 per cent *ad valorem.*	...	...	December 31st, 1954." ;

(*v*) in Items Nos. 66 (a) and 66 (1), in the last column headed "Duration of protective rates of duty", for the word, figures and letters "May 14th, 1952", wherever they occur, the word, figures and letters "December ber 31st, 1952" shall be substituted ;

(*vi*) for Item No. 71 (8), the following Item shall be substituted, namely :—

" 71 (8)	Grinding wheels and segments made of synthetic abrasive grains, excluding the following, namely, (*i*) grinding wheels— (*a*) of any thickness or bore but more than 21" in diameter, or (*b*) of any diameter or bore but more than 7½" or less than 1/8" thickness, or (*c*) of any diameter or thickness but more than 12½" bore; and (*ii*) diamond-impregnated wheels.	Protective ...	50 per cent. *ad valorem.*	...	...	December 31st, 1954. "; "

*The President has, in pursuance of clause (1) of article 117 of the Constitution of India, recommended to the House of the People the introduction of the Bill.

(vii) after Item No. 71 (11), the following Items shall be inserted, namely :—

"71(12)	Grinding wheels and segments made of synthetic abrasive grains, not otherwise specified.	Revenue	...	25 per cent *ad valorem*.	...	...	...
71(13) ...	Zip fasteners—						
	(*a*) with metal teeth other than those specified in category (*b*).	Protective	...	31½ per cent *ad valorem*.	...	...	December 31st, 1954.
	(*b*) with metal teeth having not more than 9 teeth per inch on either side and in which the total width of the metal portion in the closed state is not less than 8 m.m.	Revenue	...	25 per cent *ad valorem*.	...	...	...
	(*c*) not otherwise specified...	Revenue	...	25 per cent *ad valorem*.	...	...	... ";

(viii) in Item No. 75(9)(ii), in the entry in the second column, after the word "leather", where it occurs for the first time, the word "plastic" shall be inserted.

Declaration under the Provisional Collection of Taxes Act, 1931.

It is hereby declared that it is expedient in the public interest that the provisions of sub-clause (i), sub-clause (ii), sub-clause (vii) in relation to Item No. 71(13) (*a*) and sub-clause (viii) of clause 2 of this Bill shall have immediate effect under the Provisional Collection of Taxes Act, 1931 (XVI of 1931).

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of the present Bill is to amend the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (XXXII of 1934), in order to grant protection to certain industries and to continue or discontinue protection to certain other industries on the advice of the Tariff Board.

2. The industries which will be protected are :—

(*a*) Zip fasteners, and

(*b*) Bright drawn bars of alloy, constructional steels and blue reeled bars of all kinds by including them within the protective categories of alloy, tool and special steels under Tariff Item No. 63(30).

3. The industries which will continue to be protected are :—

Item No. of Tariff		Name of the industry
11 (2), 11 (4) and 11 (5)	...	Starch, sago flour and farina ;
46, 46 (1), 47, 47 (1) and 48	...	Sericulture ;
63 (30)	...	Alloy, tool and special steels ;
66 (a) and 66 (1)	...	Aluminium ;
75 (5), 75 (6), 75 (7) and 75 (8)	...	Bicycles (including parts and accessories thereof).

4. Protection will also be continued in respect of certain categories of grinding wheels and segments and withdrawn in respect of certain others.

5. Opportunity has also been taken to carry out a minor amendment of a formal character.

NEW DELHI,
The 19th May, 1952.

T. T. KRISHNAMACHARI.